UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

RICKIE H. CARTER, et al.,	§	
	§	
Plaintiffs,	§	
	§	
v.	§	CIVIL ACTION H-10-2126
	§	
BAC HOME LOANS SERVICING, L.P., et al.,	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	

Order

Pending before the court is defendants' unopposed¹ motion to dismiss, or in the alternative, motion for a more definite statement. Dkt. 2. After review of the motion and the applicable law, the motion is GRANTED and the case is DISMISSED.

Plaintiffs Rickie H. Carter and Rosalyn G. Carter bring this suit against defendants BAC Home Loans Servicing, L.P. and Bank of New York Mellon for wrongful foreclosure, "debts" discharged by cancellation or renunciation, and fraud. Dkt. 1. Additionally, the Carters seek injunctive relief to set aside the foreclosure and rescind the foreclosure sale deed. *Id.* Defendants argue that the Carters lack standing to pursue the wrongful foreclosure claim and related injunctive relief as they are not the holders of the note nor deed of trust. Dkt. 2 at 4. Additionally, the defendants argue, the Carters' discharge claim also fails because they admit they do not owe the debt. *Id.* at 7. Lastly, any fraud claim that may be included in their complaint should be dismissed for failure to comply with Rule 9(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. *Id.* at 9.

¹The Carters did not file a response and, therefore, under the Local Rules of the Souther District of Texas, the motion is considered unopposed. S.D. Tex. Loc. R. 7.4

By the Carters' own admission, they were deeded the property by Warranty Deed, "which

acknowledged the existence of the note but the Carters did not assume payment of the note or

liability under any instrument securing the note." Dkt. 1, Ex. 3 at 2. Therefore, they lack standing

to pursue a claim of wrongful foreclosure and their injunctive relief premised on the same must fail.

See Rodriguez v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, 306 F. A'ppx 854, 856 (2009) (plaintiff not a debtor

on the loan cannot bring a claim for wrongful foreclosure). Additionally, because the Carters admit

they do not owe the debt, they cannot purse a discharge claim against the non-existent debt. Lastly,

to the extent the Carters plead a fraud claim in their complaint when they state they are seeking

attorney's fees and costs "as a result of the collective and fraudulent actions of the defendants" (Dkt.

1, Ex. 3 at 9), the claim wholly fails to meet the requirements of Rule (9b) of the Rule of Civil

Procedure.

For these reasons, the defendants' motion to dismiss is GRANTED and this case is

DISMISSED.

It is so ORDERED.

Signed at Houston, Texas on July 30, 2010.

Gray H. Miller

United States District Judge -

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